

Signature: Name: Marks: 

## Impulse Worksheet

### Q6.

A pitcher throws a 200 g baseball with a speed of  $15 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . The ball is hit by a batter using a baseball bat and return to the pitcher with a speed of  $45 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ .

- What is the impulse acting on the baseball?
- Find the force acting on the baseball bat if it is in contact with the ball for 0.03s

### Q7.

The figure shows a badminton player receiving a shot with a shuttlecock of mass 60 g travelling horizontally at  $20 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . The player returns the shot at  $15 \text{ ms}^{-1}$  in the opposite direction.

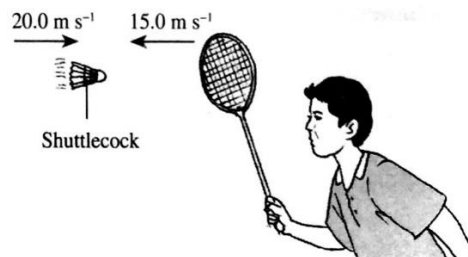


Figure 7

- What is the impulse acting on the racquet?
- Find the force acting on the shuttlecock if the contact time is 0.4s.

Signature: Name: Marks: **Q8.**

The diagram shows a car with mass 1200 kg travelling at constant velocity of  $20 \text{ ms}^{-1}$  on a straight road. The frictional force acting on the car is 1500 N.

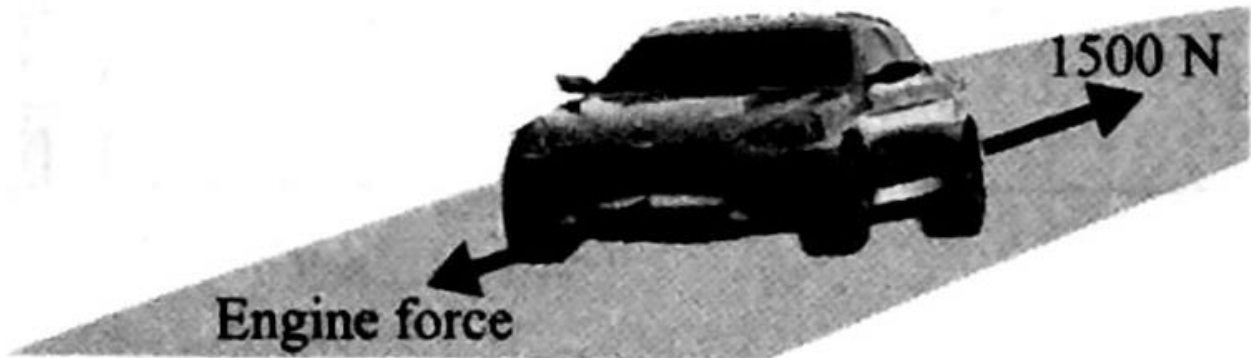


Figure 8

- a)
  - i) Calculate the total distance travelled by the car in 15s.
  - ii) Find the engine force if the constant velocity of  $10 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
- b)
  - i) Calculate the acceleration of the car if the engine force acting on the car is increased to 13500 N
  - ii) What is the time needed for the car to reach a velocity of  $40 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ ?
- c) When the car is travelling at  $40 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ , the driver steps on the brake pedal and it takes 8s before the car comes to a stop. Calculate the magnitude of force needed for the car to stop.